(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore) Unique Entity Number: 201805560D

Audited Annual Report For The Financial Year Ended 31 March 2023

CORPWERK PAC

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants Singapore

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore)

Corporate Information

Directors

Chee Teng Hsiu Goh Jiang Wee Cheong Chong Khiam Chung Soon Bee Joanna Tan Shin Yi (Appointed on 19 September 2022)

Secretary

Lilie Lai

Registered office

5 Upper Boon Keng Road, #02-10 Kallang Heights, Singapore 380005

Banker

Maybank Singapore Limited

Auditor

CORPWERK PAC 60 Paya Lebar Road #04-21 Paya Lebar Square Singapore 409051 Partner-In-Charge: Yap Mei Jia

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O'JOY LIMITED (A company limited by guarantee and no

(A company limited by guarantee and not having share capital) Unique Entity Number: 201805560D

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

We, the undersigned directors of the Company, submit this statement to the members together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2023.

OPINION OF THE DIRECTORS

In the opinion of the directors,

- (a) the accompanying statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and notes thereto are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2023 and of the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company for the financial year ended; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

1 **DIRECTORS**

The directors in office at the date of this report are as follows:

Chee Teng Hsiu Goh Jiang Wee Cheong Chong Khiam Chung Soon Bee Joanna Tan Shin Yi (Appointed on 19 September 2022)

2 ARRANGEMENTS TO ENABLE DIRECTOR TO ACQUIRE SHARES AND DEBENTURES

Neither at the end of nor at any time during the financial year was the Company a party to any arrangement whose objects are, or one of whose objects is, to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

3 OTHER MATTERS

As the Company is limited by guarantee and does not have a share capital, matters relating to the issue of shares or share options are not applicable.

(A company limited by guarantee and not having share capital) Unique Entity Number: 201805560D Annual Report 2023

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

4 AUDITOR

CORPWERK PAC has expressed its willingness to accept re-appointment as auditor.

On behalf of Board of Directors

Minie

Cheong Chong Khiam Director

×,

Chee Teng Hsiu Director

Singapore 31 July 2023

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REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S TO THE MEMBERS OF O'JOY LIMITED

(A company limited by guarantee and not having share capital) Unique Entity Number: 201805560D

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of O'Joy Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2023, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in accumulated deficit and statement of cash flows for the financial period then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Charities Act, Chapter 37 and other relevant regulations (the Charities Act and Regulations), the Companies Act 1967 (the Act) and Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore (FRSs) so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2023 and of the financial performance, changes in accumulated fund and cash flows of the Company for the period ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing (SSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section* of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority (ACRA) *Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities* (ACRA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

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REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S TO THE MEMBERS OF O'JOY LIMITED

(A company limited by guarantee and not having share capital) Unique Entity Number: 201805560D

Responsibilities of Management and Those changed with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, the Charities Act and Regulations and FRSs, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those changed with governance comprises the directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

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REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S TO THE MEMBERS OF O'JOY LIMITED (A company limited by guarantee and not having share capital) Unique Entity Number: 201805560D

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Cont'd)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those changed with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Company have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act and the Charities Act and Regulations.

During the course of our audit, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that during the financial period:

(i) the Company has not used the donation moneys in accordance with its objectives as required under Regulation 11 of the Charities (Institutions of a Public Character) Regulations; and

(ii) the Company has not complied with the requirements of Regulation 15 (Fund-raising expenses) of the Charities (Institutions of a Public Character) Regulations.

CORPORT PAR

CORPWERK PAC Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants Singapore 31 July 2023

O'JOY LIMITED (A company limited by guarantee and not having share capital)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

TEAR ENDED 51 MARCH 2025												
		General		Des	signated Funds	5			Restricte	d Funds		
	Note	Funds	PEAN	BEACON	IHOA	HOA	СР	GC	CREST	ICPF	AHP	Total
		S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
INCOME	5											
Voluntary income												
Direct Donation		249,053	-	18,000	-	-	-	-	70,000	80,000	-	417,053
Fund-AIC (Community Care Day Celebration)		2,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,000
Fund-AIC (Community Care Training)		8,481	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,481
Fund-AIC (Community Silver Trust)-CST		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,594)	(8,594)
Fund-AIC (CREST)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	476,690	-	-	476,690
Fund-NCSS (ComChest Charity Support)		-	-	50,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,000
Fund-NCSS (Start Data Protection funding)		4,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,500
Fund-NCSS(Board Capability Dev't)		9,600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,600
Fund-NCSS(Charities Capability Fund(VCF)- ERMS		122 990										122 000
EKMS Fund-NCSS(Counselling Prog.for Older		122,880	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	122,880
Person)		_						263,050				263,050
Fund-NCSS(ODT Programme)		7,746	-	-	-	-	-	205,050	-	-	-	203,030
Fund-NCSS(OD1 Flogramme) Fund-NCSS(The Invictus Fund-Tech & Go!)		9,459	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,459
Fund-Silver Volunteer(C3A)		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	102,545	_	102,545
Fund-The Majurity Trust		150,000	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	150,000
Fund-Tote Board(EFR)		-	-	74,850	-	_	-	68,391	-	-	-	143,241
				, 1,000				00,071				1.0,2.11
	-	563,719	-	142,850	-	-	-	331,441	546,690	182,545	(8,594)	1,758,651
Activities for generating funds												
Counselling Fees		21,245	-	1,440	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,685
Training fee		2,480	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,480
	-						-					
	-	23,725	-	1,440	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,165
Investment Income												
Bank Interest	-	2,626	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	2,626
Charitable Activities Income		1 1 50										1 150
Fund Raising income	-	1,150					-	-	-			1,150
Other income												
Employment/Wage Credit Scheme		36,042										36,042
Other Income		4,227	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,227
Rental income		10,660	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	10,660
		10,000										10,000
	-	50,929			-	-	-	-	-	-		50,929
TOTAL INCOME		642,149		144,290			-	331,441	546,690	182,545	(8,594)	1,838,521
	=	012,177		111,220					0-10,070	104,0-10	(0,074)	1,000,021

(A company limited by guarantee and not having share capital)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (CONT'D) YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

		General Funds		De	signated Funds				Restricted	d Funds		
	Note		PEAN	BEACON	IHOA	HOA	CP	GC	CREST	ICPF	AHP	Total
	-	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
EXPENDITURE												
Charitable activities:												
Bank Charges		(21)	3	7	6	6	3	22	27	8	2	63
Cleaning Services		-	432	1,186	1,046	1,059	506	3,728	4,465	1,292	371	14,085
Copier Rental Chg.		-	45	125	108	109	52	385	457	134	39	1,454
Copier Usage Chg.		-	67	171	177	181	86	636	825	208	51	2,402
CPF and SDL Contribution	7	-	4,170	11,143	5,604	5,730	5,716	41,408	54,298	13,810	3,301	145,180
Depreciation	8	-	2,837	3,405	12,484	13,051	6,241	45,963	78,308	11,349	-	173,638
Entertainment		313	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	313
FA In Kind		1,227	-	-	-	-	-	522	-	-	-	1,749
Fund Raising Expenses		10,046	21	40	74	76	36	268	416	74	8	11,059
HOA Activities		-	-	-	-	270	-	-	-	-	-	270
Insurance		1,271	211	634	442	442	213	1,557	1,577	446	211	7,004
Maintainence of Facilities		73	199	543	483	488	234	1,720	2,066	595	169	6,570
Medical Expenses		-	50	271	434	493	48	1,419	1,599	579	167	5,060
Membership fee		139	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	139
Minor Asset Expenses		421	2	2	2	2	8	2	-	-	-	439
Off Systems Maintainence	6	-	510	1,369	1,275	1,293	618	4,553	5,618	1,545	420	17,201
Printing & Stationery		1,527	35	101	74	92	36	312	367	123	33	2,700
Professional Fees	6	124,885	-	6,800	161,963	22,140	-	-	61,879	6,300	93,740	477,707
Programme Expenses		3,415	-	-	138	-	-	-	-	4,897	214	8,664
Refreshments		457	29	88	78	3,856	29	216	218	4,445	63	9,479
Rental of Premises		_	488	1,239	1,306	1,330	636	4,685	6,131	1,520	364	17,699
Salary & Bonus	7	-	28,387	66,010	43,876	59,257	34,579	256,992	380,791	93,402	20,228	983,522
Secretary fee		-	17	32	57	59	28	208	321	58	,	787
Service & Conservancy Charge		-	48	131	114	115	55	405	481	141	41	1,531
Staff Training	6	3,239	70	302	102	102	233	6,253	7,407	572	203	18,483
Staff Welfare	0	-	52	156	102	102	52	384	389	147	52	1,450
Stamps & Postage		1.093	17	50	35	35	23	122	124	46	16	1,561
Sundry Expenses		1,345	5	15	10	10	5	37	53	14	5	1,499
Supervision Fee		1,515	237	671	540	542	259	2,085	5,355	694	216	10,599
Telephone Charges		-	218	229	249	149	116	994	1,056	256	72	3,339
Transport	6	544	6	453	24)	624	30	6,149	10,058	582	10	18,477
Utilities	0	-	215	586	527	533	255	1,879	2,274	646	182	7,097
Website Expenses		-	45	132	101	101	48	357	390	131	43	1,348
Total charitable activities	-	149,974	38,416	95,891	231,435	112,254	50,145	383,261	626,950	144,014	120,228	1,952,568
	-	,,,,,,	20,110	,0,0,1	201,100	112,201	20,112	565,261	020,700	111,011	120,220	1,002,000
Governance costs: Auditors remuneration			148	267	535	555	265	1,954	3,074	532	50	7,380
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	-	149,974	38.564	96,158	231,970	112,809	50,410	385,215	630,024	144,546	120,278	1,959,948
SURPLUS/ (DEFICIT) FOR	=	147,7/4	30,304	70,130	231,770	112,007	30,410	303,413	030,024	144,340	140,470	1,737,740
		402 175	(28 5(4)	49 133	(221.070)	(112 200)	(50.410)	(53 774)	(92 224)	37.000	(129.972)	(101 407)
THE YEAR	-	492,175	(38,564)	48,132	(231,970)	(112,809)	(50,410)	(53,774)	(83,334)	37,999	(128,872)	(121,427)

These accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

(A company limited by guarantee and not having share capital)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

I EAR ENDED 51 WARCH 2022												
		General		De	signated Funds				Restricte	d Funds		
	Note	Funds	PEAN	BEACON	IHOA	HOA	CP	GC	CREST	ICPF	AHP	Total
		S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
INCOME	5											
Voluntary income												
Direct Donation		229,523	-	34,000	4,000	-	-	-	-	80,000	-	347,523
Fund-AIC (Community Care Training)		6,262	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,262
Fund-AIC (CREST-ES)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	345,513	-	-	345,513
Fund-AIC (Community Silver Trust)-CST		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	147,657	147,657
Fund-AIC (Strongerthan Before)		1,450	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,450
Fund-National Youth Council(F4G)		2,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,000
Fund-NCSS (ComChest)		-	-	50,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,000
Fund-NCSS(BFP-Business Continuing Plan)		9,101	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,101
Fund-NCSS(Counselling Prog.for Older								2 62 502				262.502
Person)		-	-	-	-	-	-	262,592	-	-	-	262,592
Fund-NCSS(ODT Programme)		135,188	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135,188
Fund-NCSS(The Courage Fund)		1,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,500
Fund-NCSS(The Invictus Fund) Fund-O'Joy Care Services		496,881	-	-	-	-	-	136,936	-	-	-	136,936 496,881
Fund-President Challenge		496,881 21,882	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Fund-President Challenge Fund-SGUnited Traineeship		21,882	-	-	2,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,882 2,000
Fund-Silver Volunteer(C3A)		-	-	-	2,000	-	-	-	-	22,134	-	2,000
Fund-SMU (Innovation Fund)		750	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,134	-	750
Fund-Sivie (Innovation Fund)		750	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	750
	-	904,537	-	84,000	6,000	-	-	399,528	345,513	102,134	147,657	1,989,369
Activities for generating funds	-											
Counselling Fees		39,210	-	360	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,570
Training fee		2,040	-	-	-	-	-	-	263	(60)	-	2,243
	-						-					
• , ,•	-	41,250	-	360	-	-	-	-	263	(60)	-	41,813
Investment Income Bank Interest		3,010										3,010
Bank interest	-	5,010										5,010
Charitable Activities Income												
Fund Raising income	-	7,442			-	-	-		-		-	7,442
Other income												
Employment/Wage Credit Scheme		30,580	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,580
Other Income		1,270	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1,273
Rental income		5,900	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,900
	-	37,750	-		-	3	-		-	-	-	37,753
TOTAL INCOME		993,989	-	84,360	6,000	3		399,528	345,776	102,074	147,657	2,079,387
	=	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			0,000			,	0.0,1.0		1,007	_,0.7,007

(A company limited by guarantee and not having share capital)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (CONT'D) YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

		General		De	signated Funds				Restricte	d Funds		
	Note	Funds	PEAN	BEACON	IHOA	HOA	СР	GC	CREST	ICPF	AHP	Total
		S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
EXPENDITURE												
Charitable activities:												
Allowances	7	400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	400
Bank Charges		103	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	103
Cleaning Services		-	203	1,281	222	744	338	3,519	2,706	677	382	10,072
Copier rental charges		-	29	187	25	108	49	508	391	98	56	1,451
Copier usage charges		-	33	191	33	121	55	571	439	110	55	1,608
CPF and SDL Contribution	7	-	2,496	13,806	1,308	5,616	5,198	47,151	47,898	11,585	5,592	140,650
Depreciation	8	-	1,047	5,580	3,836	3,836	1,744	18,135	13,950	3,488	1,744	53,360
Emergency Expenses		12,897	42	223	14	153	70	725	558	139	70	14,891
FA In Kind		442	-	-	-	-	-	5,450	-	-	-	5,892
Fund Raising Expenses		3,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,000
HOA Activities		-	-	3	-	1.150	1	6	4	1	1	1,166
Insurance		-	124	636	123	601	197	2,062	1,409	411	232	5,795
Maintainence of Facilities		327	94	657	95	345	157	1,632	1,256	314	197	5,074
Medical Expenses		_	112	752	36	444	182	1,487	1,446	408	225	5,092
Minor Asset Expenses		2,715	21	112	7	77	35	413	294	70	35	3,779
Office Systems Maintainence	6	17,480	655	3,713	367	2,402	1.092	11,354	8,734	2,184	1,092	49,073
Printing & Stationery	0	1,918	27	866	26	96	50	509	342	117	59	4,010
Professional Fees	6	61,883	10	18,253	2,163	1,477	17	173	45,839	13,873	72,977	216,665
Programme Expenses	0	458	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,835	-	2,293
Refreshments		-	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	295	_	295
Rental of Premises		_	524	2,957	340	1,920	873	9.072	6.980	1,745	873	25,284
Salary & Bonus	7	_	16,629	87,117	10,211	56,547	29,354	291,384	331,542	95,168	30,762	948,714
Secretary fee	/	599	10,029	63	43	43	29,354	291,384	157	39	20	1,200
Service & Conservancy Charge		577	26	154	17	95	43	446	344	86	43	1,254
Staff Training	6	3.640	20	1,403	76	320	381	4,715	8.370	509	-	19.691
Stamps & Postage	0	1.047	2/7	1,403	70	520 9	4	4,713	33	107	- 4	1,270
Sundry Expenses		476	4	21	1	14	4	42 68	53	107	4	672
		470	4	465	1	14	/		2,870	-		3,335
Supervision Fee			-	405 325	- 42	-	- 78	-	2,870	- 138	- 103	
Telephone Charges	6	25 405	61 6	325 367	42	150 38	23	1,585 5,829	5,783	283	103	3,611 12,743
Transport Utilities	0	405	6 41	274	3	58 152	23 69	5,829 718	5,785	138	4 69	2,022
		-										
Website Expenses		-	55	147	41	112	203	404	285	71	36	1,354
Total charitable activities		107,815	22,530	139,582	19,041	76,570	40,240	408,162	483,339	133,902	114,638	1,545,819
Governance costs: Auditors remuneration		786	117	623	398	429	195	2,026	1,558	390	195	6,717
TOTAL EXPENDITURE		108.601	22,647	140,205	19.439	76,999	40,435	410.188	484.897	134,292	114.833	1,552,536
SURPLUS/ (DEFICIT) FOR		100,001		110,200	1,107		-10,100	-110,100	-10-1,027	10-1,2/2	114,000	1,002,000
THE YEAR		885,388	(22,647)	(55,845)	(13,439)	(76,996)	(40,435)	(10,660)	(139,121)	(32,218)	32,824	526,851
		000,000	(22,077)	(55,075)	(10,107)	(10,220)	(55,05)	(10,000)	(107,141)	(52,210)	52,024	540,051

These accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

NET ASSETS	Notes	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
Non-current assets		~~	~ 4
Plant and equipment	8	59,060	86,819
Intangible assets	9	244,294	22,147
Total non-current assets	-	303,354	108,966
Current assets			
Other receivables	10	321,555	240,819
Cash and cash equivalents	11	796,826	1,165,380
Total current assets	-	1,118,381	1,406,199
Current Liabilities:			
Other payables and accruals	12	96,265	68,268
Total net assets	-	1,325,470	1,446,897
FUNDS			
General fund	3.9	1,834,235	1,342,060
	-	1,834,235	1,342,060
Designated:			
PEAN	3.9	(50,974)	(12,410)
BEACON	3.9	(7,582)	(55,714)
IHOA	3.9	(217,938)	14,032
HOA	3.9	(19,658)	93,151
СР	3.9	6,446	56,856
	_	(289,706)	95,915
Restricted Funds:			
GC	3.9	(89,099)	(35,325)
CREST	3.9	(2,315)	81,019
ICPF	3.9	29,026	(8,973)
AHP	3.9	(156,671)	(27,799)
Total restricted funds	-	(219,059)	8,922
Total funds	=	1,325,470	1,446,897

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

(A company limited by guarantee and not having share capital)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED FUNDS

YEAR	ENDED	31	MARCH	2023	

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023											т
		Designated Funds						Restricted Funds			
	General Funds										
Note		PEAN	BEACON	IHOA	HOA	CP	GC	CREST	ICPF	AHP	Total
	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
Balance at 1 April 2021	456,672	10,237	131	27,471	170,147	97,291	(24,665)	220,140	23,245	(60,623)	920,046
Surplus/ (deficit) for the financial year	885,388	(22,647)	(55,845)	(13,439)	(76,996)	(40,435)	(10,660)	(139,121)	(32,218)	32,824	526,851
Balance at 31 March 2022	1,342,060	(12,410)	(55,714)	14,032	93,151	56,856	(35,325)	81,019	(8,973)	(27,799)	1,446,897
Surplus for the financial year	492,175	(38,564)	48,132	(231,970)	(112,809)	(50,410)	(53,774)	(83,334)	37,999	(128,872)	(121,427)
Balance at 31 March 2023	1,834,235	(50,974)	(7,582)	(217,938)	(19,658)	6,446	(89,099)	(2,315)	29,026	(156,671)	1,325,470

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023			
	Notes	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities:		S\$	S \$
Net (deficit)/surplus for the year		(121,427)	526,851
Adjustments for non-cash flow items:		(121,427)	520,851
Depreciation of plant and equipment	8	173,638	53,360
Interest income	0	(2,626)	(3,010)
Operating cash flows before working capital changes	_	49,585	577,201
Changes in working capital:		49,385	577,201
Other receivables		(80,736)	301,016
Accrual		24,748	11,847
Cash flow (used in)/generated from operations	_	(6,403)	890,064
Interest received		2,626	3,010
Net cash flows (used in)/generated from operating activities	, _	(3,777)	893,074
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of plant and equipment	8	(368,027)	(59,574)
Net cash flows (used in) investing activities	· –	(368,027)	(59,574)
The cush nows (used in) investing activities	-	(300,027)	(37,371)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Amount due from a related party		-	5,400
Amount due to a related party	12	3,250	(454,458)
Net cash flows generated from/(used in) financing activities	s _	3,250	(449,058)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(368,554)	384,442
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,165,380	780,938
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	11	796,826	1,165,380

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

1 GENERAL

The Company (Co. Reg. No. 201805560D) is incorporated and domiciled in Singapore. The registered office and principal place of operations is at 5 Upper Boon Keng Road, #02-10 Kallang Heights, Singapore 380005.

The principal activities of the Company are the provision of counselling services and the training and management of volunteers to enhance their availability and skill level in gerontological psychosocial services. There has been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

The Company is limited by its member's guarantee to contribute to the assets of the Company up to \$100 in the event of it being wound up.

The Company is an approved Institution of a Public Character for the period from 6 June 2019 to 5 June 2024.

The financial statements of the Company ended 31 March 2023 were authorized for issue on 31 July 2023.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

The financial statements are presented in Singapore Dollar (S\$) which is the Company's functional currency, have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Charities Act, Chapter 37 and other relevant regulations, the Companies Act 1967 and Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore (FRSs). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRSs requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. It also requires the use of accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of income and expenditure during the financial year.

2.2 Use of estimates and judgements

These estimates and assumptions are assessed on an on-going basis and are based on experience and relevant factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity or areas where assumptions significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

The carrying amount of amount due to a related party approximate its respective fair value due to the relatively short-term maturity of this financial instrument.

2.3 New and revised standards

In the current financial year, the Company has adopted all the new and revised FRSs and Interpretations of FRSs (INT FRSs) that are relevant to its operations and effective for the current financial year. The adoption of these new and revised FRSs and INT FRSs did not have any material effect on the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

2.3 New and revised standards (Cont'd)

New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations that have been issued at the balance sheet date but are not yet effective for the financial year ended 31 March 2023 have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a significant effect on the financial statements of the Company.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Financial instruments

(a) **Financial assets**

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised when, and only when the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Trade receivables are measured at the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third party, if the trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component at initial recognition.

Subsequent measurement

Investments in debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the asset. The three measurement categories for classification of debt instruments are amortised cost, fair value through after comprehensive income (FVOCI) and FVPL. The Company only has debt instruments at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are held for the collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the assets are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

Investments in equity instruments

On initial recognition of an investment in equity instrument that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income which will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss. Dividends from such investments are to be recognised in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive payments is established. For investments in equity instruments which the Company has not elected to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income, changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.1 Financial instruments (Cont'd)

(a) **Financial assets (Cont'd)**

Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised where the contractual right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income for debt instruments is recognised in profit or loss.

(b) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when, and only when, the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Company determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus in the case of financial liabilities not at FVPL, directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities that are not carried at FVPL are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. On derecognition, the difference between the carrying amounts and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

3.2 **Plant and equipment**

Plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use.

Depreciation of the relevant assets is provided on a straight-line basis so as to write-off the costs of plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives: The estimated useful lives of plant and equipment are as follows:

Computers	3 years
Office Equipment	3 years
Renovation	5 years
Furniture and fitting	3 years

Fully depreciated assets are retained in the financial statements until they are no longer in use and no further charge for depreciation is made in respect of these assets. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.2 Plant and equipment (Cont'd)

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the asset determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of plant and equipment is included net in the statement of financial activities in the year the asset is derecognised.

3.3 Intangible assets

i) Intangible assets

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Company and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

iii) Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated based on the cost of the asset, less its residual value.

Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives on intangible assets, other than goodwill, from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative years are as follows:

Software

3 years

3.4 Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at FVPL. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognised for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For trade receivables, the Company applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment which could affect debtors' ability to pay.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.4 Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

The Company considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 60 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

3.5 Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when an annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's fair value less cost of disposal and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increase cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised previously. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

3.6 **Provisions**

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provision are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increased in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

3.7 Income

Income is recognised to the extent that the Company becomes entitled to the income, when it is probable that the income will be received; and when the amount of the income can be measured with sufficient reliability.

Donations are recognised as and when they are received.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.7 Income (Cont'd)

Grants

Grants are recognised as income when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all conditions attached to it have been complied with. Grants for capital expenditures are recognised as deferred capital grant and will be recognised as income on a systematic basis over the useful life of the assets purchased.

Rendering of Services

Counselling fee and income from training are recognised when the services are rendered.

Interest

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

3.8 Employee benefits

(i) **Defined contribution plans**

The Company makes contributions to the Central Provident Fund Scheme in Singapore, a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions to defined contribution pension schemes are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related services in performed.

(ii) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

3.9 Fund accounting

Monies received for specific and general purpose are credited directly to the respective fund in the financial statements. These include restricted funds and unrestricted funds.

Restricted funds are funds held by the Company that can only be applied for specific purposes. These funds are subject to specific trusts which may be declared by the donors or with their authority or created through legal process but are still within the wider objects of the Company.

Unrestricted funds are expandable at the discretion of the Board in furtherance of the Company's objects. Designated fund is part of the unrestricted funds earmarked for a particular project. The designation is for administrative purposes only and does not restrict the Board's discretion to apply the fund.

Income and expenditure relating to specific funds are accounted for directly in the funds to which they relate. Common expenses, if any, are allocated on a reasonable basis to the funds based on the method suitable to this common expense. Assets and liabilities of the specific funds are pooled in the statement of financial position.

Funds received for specific purpose such as purchase of depreciable assets are taken to relevant restricted fund account. This relevant fund will be reduced over the useful life of the asset in line with its depreciation. Depreciation is charged to the relevant designated funds where the asset is held.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.9 Fund accounting (Cont'd)

Unrestricted Funds

Unrestricted fund comprises general fund and designated fund. General funds are used for the general purpose of the Company as set out in its governing document. If part of an unrestricted fund is earmarked for a particular project, it may be designated as a separate fund, but the designation is for administrative purposes only and does not legally restrict the Board's discretion to apply the fund.

General Fund

This fund is to be used for non-specific purposes at the discretion of the Board of Management in furtherance of the Company's objects.

Designated Funds

Prevention and Intervention of Elderly Abuse and Neglect (PEAN)

The Prevention and Intervention of Elderly Abuse and Neglect aims to provide assistance to elder persons whose health and well-being are at risk arising from action or lack or action by a person or a caregiver.

BEACON

BEACON aims to provide counselling to adults, age 18 to 49 years old, experiencing mental health issues like depression or anxiety. Currently this program is not funded and is dependent on fund raising and fees collection for its survival and continuity

Integrated Health Oriented Ageing (IHOA)

iHOA aims to integrate technology into the care continuum, thus enabling seniors living in the community to age with dignity, grace and joy, despite being home bound due to their disability or pandemic situation.

Health Oriented Ageing (HOA)

HOA aims to engage seniors toward health oriented ageing through artistic activities conducted by professional artist, facilitated by trained volunteers and supported by counsellors.

Community Partnership (CP)

The Community Partnership aims to enable closer collaborative work with schools, social services agencies, companies, grassroots and government agencies

Restricted Funds

Counselling Program for Older Persons (GC)

The Counselling Program for Older Persons, funded by National Council of Social Services (NCSS), aims to provide counselling and clinical case management services for older persons.

Community Resource, Engagement and Support Team (CREST)

Crest Program, funded by Agency of Integrated Care (AIC), aims to increase public awareness of dementia or mental health by organising outreach events to provide dementia or mental health information, education and support to residents and their caregivers.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.9 Fund accounting (Cont'd)

Restricted Funds (Cont'd)

Integrated COMIT Aide, Para-Counsellor and HOA Facilitator Service (ICPF)

ICPF, aims to offer volunteer opportunities in developing communities in areas such as dementia care, para-counselling of seniors and facilitation of senior activities and includes training, supervision, management and recognition. Senior volunteers are funded by Councils for Third Age (C3A).

Allied Health Professional Services (AHP)

The Allied Health Professional Services aims to provide timely holistic nursing, physio and occupational assessments and intervention for senior clients living in central and eastern Singapore to prevents deterioration of client's health issues and reduce unnecessary suffering.

3.10 Taxation

The Company has been registered as a Charity under the Singapore Charities Act and is exempted from income tax under the provisions of the Income Tax Act Cap. 134.

3.11 Related parties

FRS 24 defines a related party as a person or entity that is related to the reporting entity and it includes:

(a) A person or a close member of that person's family if that person:

(i) has control or joint control over the reporting entity.

(ii) has significant influence over the reporting entity.

(iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.

(b) An entity is related to the reporting entity if any of the following conditions apply:

(i) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group.

(ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity.

(iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.

(iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third party.

(v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity.

(vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).

(vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member if the key management personnel of the entity (or a parent of the entity).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.11 Related parties (Cont'd)

(b) An entity is related to the reporting entity if any of the following conditions apply: (Cont'd)

(vii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity.

Key management personnel are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company.

3.12 Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

As lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities representing the obligations to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying leased assets.

Right-of-use assets

The Company recognizes right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. The accounting policy for impairment is disclosed in Note 3.5.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.12 Leases (Cont'd)

Lease liabilities (Cont'd)

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g. changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short- term leases of machinery (i.e. those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

As lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising from operating leases on the Company's investment properties is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

In the application of the accounting policies, which are describe in Note 3, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying the Society's accounting policies

The management is of the opinion that any instances of applications of judgement are not expected to have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements apart from those involving estimations which are dealt with below. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONT'D)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of coursing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

Useful lives of plant and equipment

As described in Note 3.2, the Company reviews the estimated useful lives of plant and equipment at the end of each annual reporting period. During the year, management determined that the estimated useful lives of plant and equipment are appropriate and no revision is required.

Impairment of plant and equipment

The Company assesses annually whether plant an equipment have any indication of impairment in accordance with the accounting policy. If there is indication of impairment, the recoverable amounts of plant and equipment are determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations, require the use of judgement and estimates. The management have assessed the indications of impairment and concluded no such indications as at the end of the financial year and hence no computation of the recoverable amounts is required.

Provision for expected credit losses (ECL) of trade and other receivables

The expected credit loss of trade and other receivables is based on the Company's historical observed default rates and loss patterns. At every reporting date, historical default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Company's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

The carrying amount of the Company's trade and other receivables as at 31 March 2023 was \$\$321,555 (2022: \$\$240,819).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

5	REVENUE		2023 S\$	2022 S\$
	Voluntary income		1,758,651	1,989,369
	Activities for generating funds		25,165	41,813
	Interest income		2,626	3,010
	Charitable activities income		1,150	7,442
	Other income		50,929	37,753
			1,838,521	2,079,387
6	OPERATING EXPENSES		2023 S\$	2022 S\$
6	OPERATING EXPENSES	(Note 8 and 9)		
6		(Note 8 and 9) (i)	S \$	S \$
6	Depreciation	· · · · · ·	S\$ 173,638	S\$ 53,360
6	Depreciation Office system maintenance	(i)	S\$ 173,638 17,201	S\$ 53,360 49,073
6	Depreciation Office system maintenance Transport	(i) (ii)	S\$ 173,638 17,201 18,477	S\$ 53,360 49,073 12,743

(i) Investments on cloud based PBPX, iSHINE secure work environment and upgrading of cabling system to enable staff to work both away and from office more effectively.

(ii) Staff, specially counsellor, are encouraged under Human Resource (HR) policy to take taxi or private hire to save time and attain better productivity, in view of counselling being delivered at client's home.

(iii) These are fees paid to external artist/therapist/trainer to conduct therapeutic art-based online and onsite HOA sessions, physical health assessment, mental health intervention, volunteer training and consultants to improve organisational effectiveness, including HR and operation.

(iv) Staff are encouraged to upgrade themselves via training, in accordance to HR policy.

7	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
	Salaries and bonus	983,522	948,714
	CPF and SDL Contribution	145,180	140,650
	Allowance		400
		1,128,702	1,089,764

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

8 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

2023	Computers S\$	Office equipment S\$	Renovation S\$	Furniture and fitting S\$	Total S\$
Cost					
At 1 April 2022	38,113	2,882	98,878	13,018	152,891
Additions	5,521	-	-	5,706	11,227
At 31 March 2023	43,634	2,882	98,878	18,724	164,118
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 April 2022	22,640	1,654	37,440	4,339	66,073
Depreciation for the year	12,156	812	19,776	6,241	38,985
At 31 March 2023	34,796	2,466	57,216	10,580	105,058
Net Book Value					
At 31 March 2023	8,838	416	41,662	8,144	59,060
2022					
Cost					
At 1 April 2021	3,363	1,635	88,319	-	93,317
Additions	34,750	1,247	10,559	13,018	59,574
At 31 March 2022	38,113	2,882	98,878	13,018	152,891
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 April 2021	9,926	842	17,664	-	28,432
Depreciation for the year	12,713	812	19,776	4,339	37,640
At 31 March 2022	22,639	1,654	37,440	4,339	66,072
Net Book Value					
At 31 March 2022	15,474	1,228	61,438	8,679	86,819

As described in Note 4, in the Company's annual review on the estimated useful lives of plant and equipment and indication of impairment in accordance with the accounting policy, it is concluded there is a need to firstly replace some furnishes/fitting to enable staff to continue to work safely and secondly renovate to serve more our clients with more privacy.

(A company limited by guarantee and not having share capital)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

9 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

2023	Software S\$	Total S\$
Cost		
At 1 April 2022	47,160	47,160
Additions	356,800	356,800
At 31 March 2023	403,960	403,960
Accumulated depreciation		
At 1 April 2022	25,013	25,013
Depreciation for the year	134,653	134,653
At 31 March 2023	159,666	159,666
Net Book Value		
At 31 March 2023	244,294	244,294
2022		
Cost		
At 1 April 2021	47,160	47,160
Additions	-	-
At 31 March 2022	47,160	47,160
Accumulated depreciation		
At 1 April 2021	9,293	9,293
Depreciation for the year	15,720	15,720
At 31 March 2022	25,013	25,013
		,U
Net Book Value		
At 31 March 2022	22,147	22,147

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

10 OTHER RECEIVABLES	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
Grant receivables	313,591	234,035
Other receivables - third parties	400	-
Deposit	7,564	6,784
	321,555	240,819

Grant receivables relates to the reimbursement of claims approved by the Agency of Integrated Care and Bicentennial Community Fund.

11 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
Cash in hand	162	858
Cash at bank	646,664	1,164,522
Fixed deposit	150,000	-
Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flow	796,826	1,165,380

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, at the end of the reporting period, approximates to their fair values and are denominated in Singapore Dollars.

The above fixed deposit is not pledged as collateral and earned interest at the rate of 3.9% per annum. The fixed deposit has maturity term of 1 year.

12 OTHER PAYBALES AND ACCRUALS	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
Other payable - related party	10,070	6,820
Accruals	86,195	61,448
	96,265	68,268

The carrying amount of amount due to a related party is non-trade in nature, interest-free and repayable on demand.

The carrying amount of other payables and accrual, at the end of the reporting period, approximates to their fair value and are denominated in Singapore Dollars.

(A company limited by guarantee and not having share capital)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

12 OTHER PAYBALES AND ACCRUALS (CONT'D)

A reconciliation of changes in amount due to related parties arising from financing activities is as follows:

At beginning of year Cashflows:	2023 S\$ 6,820	2022 \$\$ 461,278
- Addition	420,644	719,500
- Repayment	(417,394)	(1,173,958)
Net cash flow	3,250	(454,458)
At end of year	10,070	6,820

13 RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND TRANSACTIONS

Members of the Company

Name	<u>Relationship</u>	Country of incorporation
O'Joy Care Services	Related company	Singapore
Jolly Companion Ltd	Related company	Singapore
Jolly8 Solutions LLP	Related company	Singapore

Related companies in these financial statements include the members of the above Company.

(a) **Related party transactions:**

These are transactions and arrangements between the reporting entity and related parties and effects of these on the basis determined between the parties are reflected in these financial statements.

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in the notes to the financial statements, this item includes the following:

	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
Professional fees charged by related party	415,034	150,506
Insurance income from a related party	150	12
Purchase of plant and equipment from a related party	-	19,280
Office system maintenance from a related party	-	8,600
Voluntary income from a related party	100,400	541,881
Other income from a related party	11,340	5,837
Funds received from a related party		122,615
(b) Compensation of key management personnel	2023	2022
	S \$	S \$
Salaries and bonus	214,370	218,480
CPF Contribution	22,649	23,359
	237,019	241,839

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

14 COMMITMENT

Capital commitments	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
The Company has commitments relating to the following:System design and developmentConsultancy service for developing staff and volunteer	-	36,480
progression system	-	17,655
		54,135

15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(a) Categories of financial assets and financial liabilities

The carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities in each category are as follows:

31 March 2023	Financial assets at amortised	Financial liabilities at amortised	
	cost	cost	Total
<u>Assets:</u>	S \$	S \$	S \$
Other receivable	321,555	-	321,555
Cash and cash equivalents	796,826	-	796,826
	1,118,381		1,118,381
Liabilities:			
Other payables and accrual	-	96,265	96,265
		96,265	96,265
31 March 2022	Financial	Financial	
	assets at	liabilities at	
	amortised	amortised	
	cost	cost	Total
<u>Assets:</u>	S\$	S\$	S \$
Other receivable	240,819	-	240,819
Cash and cash equivalents	1,165,380	-	1,165,380
	1,406,199		1,406,199
Liabilities:			
Other payables and accrual	-	68,268	68,268
	<u> </u>	68,268	68,268

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Fair Value of Financial Instruments that are Not Carried at Fair Value

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged or settled between knowledgeable and willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value:

(i) Cash at bank, other receivables, other payables and accruals

The carrying amounts of these items in current assets and current liabilities approximate fair value due to their short term nature.

Financial Risk Management

The Company is only exposed to liquidity risk. Nevertheless, the amount due to a related party is only repayable on demand.

16 FUND MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing its funds are to safeguard and maintain adequate working capital to continue as a going concern. The directors consider the fund from related party the capital of the Company and no changes were made to the Company's fund management objectives during the financial year ended 31 March 2023.

17 NEW OR AMENDED STANDARDS IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

For the future reporting years new or revised Singapore Financial Reporting Standards and the related Interpretations to FRS were issued by the Singapore Accounting Standard Council and these will only be effective for future reporting years. Those applicable to the reporting entity for future reporting years are listed below. The transfer to the applicable new or revised standards from the effective dates is not expected to result in material adjustments to the financial position, results of operations, or cash flows for the following year.

FRS No:	Title	Effective date for periods beginning on or after
Amendments to FRS 1 l Classification of Liabilities as	Presentation of Financial Statemer Current or Non-current	nts: 1 January 2024
Amendments to FRS 1 Preser Practice Statement 2: Disclosu	ntation of Financial Statements and F are of Accounting Policies	RS 1 January 2023
Amendments to FRS 8 Acco Estimates and Errors: Definition	ounting Policies, Changes in Account on of Accounting Estimates	ing 1 January 2023
Amendments to FRS 12 Incom and Liabilities arising from a S	me Taxes: Deferred Tax related to Ass Single Transaction	1 January 2023
Amendments to FRS 116 I Leaseback	Leases: Lease Liability in a Sale a	and 1 January 2024
Amendments to FRS 1 Pres current Liabilities with Coven	sentation of Financial Statements: No ants	on- 1 January 2024

(A company limited by guarantee and not having share capital)

DETAILED INCOME STATEMENT YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

REVENUE	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
Voluntary income	1,758,651	1,989,369
Activities for generating funds	25,165	41,813
Interest income	2,626	3,010
Charitable activities income	1,150	7,442
Other income	50,929	37,753
	1,838,521	2,079,387
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Allowances		400
Auditors remuneration	7,380	6,717
Bank Charges	63	103
Cleaning services	14,085	10,072
Copier rental charges	1,454	1,451
Copier usage charges	2,402	1,608
CPF and SDL Contribution	145,180	140,650
Depreciation	173,638	53,360
Emergency Expenses	175,050	14,891
Entertainment	313	-
FA in kind	1,749	5,892
Fund raising expenses	11,059	3,000
HOA activities	270	1,166
Insurance	7,004	5,795
Maintenance of facilities	6,570	5,074
Medical Expenses	5,060	5,092
Membership fee	139	-
Minor Asset expenses	439	3,779
Office system maintenance	17,201	49,073
Printing and stationaries	2,700	4,010
Professional fees	477,707	216,665
Programme expenses	8,664	2,293
Refreshment	9,479	2,295
Rental of premise	17,699	25,284
Salary and bonus	983,522	948,714
Secretary fee	787	1,200
Service and conservancy	1,531	1,254
Staff training	18,483	19,691
Staff welfare	1,450	-
Stamps and postage	1,450	1,270
Sundry expenses	1,499	672
Supervision fees	10,599	3,335
Telephone charges	3,339	3,611
Transport	18,477	12,743
Utilities	7,097	2,022
Website expenses	1,348	1,354
Total charitable activities	1,959,948	1,552,536
(Deficit)/surplus for the financial year	(121,427)	526,851

The accompanying notes does not form an integral part of these financial statements